

Second Edition Level B1+

Student's book



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Leisure



Discuss:

What do you enjoy doing in your free time?What is your favourite form of entertainment? Why?

Flick through the module and find...

- information about a trip to Peru
- a text about the benefits of visiting museums
- **a** film review
- an article about someone who has an unusual collection
- information about four theme parks in the USA
- a short text about volunteer work involving rescuing turtles

In this module you will...

- talk about different forms of entertainment and free-time activities
 learn how to express possibility and make deductions using appropriate verb forms
- expand your vocabulary by differentiating between words easily confused and becoming familiar with collocations, lexical sets and collective nouns
- **b** talk about what you and other people you know like and dislike
- write an essay expressing an opinion and a film review
- speculate about a problem and suggest a solution
- ask for confirmation using question tags
- acquire skills and strategies that will help you in exams



1. PRE-READING

Discuss.

- Are there any theme parks in your city/country?
- Do you know of any famous theme parks in other countries?
- Why are theme parks popular with families?
- Have you ever been to a theme park? If yes, what did/didn't you like about it? If not, would you like to visit one? Why? / Why not?

2. READING FOR GIST

Read the texts A-D quickly and answer the following questions. Write A, B, C or D in the boxes.

In which theme parks...

- a. did the people have the chance to travel back in time?
- **b.** did the people have the chance to be close to nature?

DeSoto Caverns Susan Clark

I love spending time in nature, so last month I visited DeSoto Caverns. They are located in the scenic foothills of the Appalachian Mountains, and they are a beautiful place. I went there for the weekend and stayed at the on-site campground, where I felt I was in tune with nature. The caves were beautiful, and the seasonal sound, light and water shows inside the caves were also amazing. I had a lot of fun trying out some of the park attractions, including the paddle boats. I even decided to test my endurance with a long hike in the nearby Talladega National Forest. Before leaving, I mentioned to one of the park employees that I was a teacher. She told me the park offers special packages for schools with lower price rates, in which groups of children can take private cave tours or do other fun activities like searching for semi-precious stones and crystals. I think it would be a great idea for a day trip, and I'm hoping to arrange it soon. I'm sure my students will really enjoy it.

Stone Mountain Park Alex Williams

When they announced that the company's annual workshop was going to be held at Stone Mountain Park, I was surprised by the choice of venue. However, I discovered that Stone Mountain wasn't like other theme parks, as it combines nature and historic exhibits, as well as other attractions. When we got there, my colleagues and I visited the Historic Square, where we saw original buildings built from 1793 to 1875, and then we went to the museum where we learnt a lot about the history of the area. We also took the cable car to the top of the mountain; we were amazed by the view of the beautiful Atlanta skyline and the Appalachian Mountains. After that, we decided to pick up a snack from the Marketplace and we headed to the picnic area nearby where we started discussing new ideas for work. So, even though I had my doubts at first, I truly think it was a great choice. I hope that in the future we will be able to visit similar places.



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10

Dinosaur World Steve Green

I really wanted to take my nine-year-old nephew somewhere where he could have fun and learn something too, so I decided to take him to Dinosaur World. There, we saw over 150 life-sized dinosaur replicas, explored the dino habitats and caves and saw a full dinosaur skeleton in the 'bone yard'. My nephew took part in the fossil dig where he searched for shark teeth, shells and much more. He even had the option to take home three pieces as a souvenir of his 'dig'. We both found the shows there quite interesting and learnt a lot. After a few hours there we got hungry, but unfortunately there were no restaurants in the park, so we decided it was time to go.

D



Wild West City Amanda Roberts

Last week, my friend and I visited Wild West City, a theme park in New Jersey, where they have recreated an 1880s gold mining town. We got to experience what life was like 140 years ago as we strolled down Main Street, where various live shows took place throughout the day. In one show, we even joined the sheriff as he tried to catch a bank robber! We had fun searching for gold, riding around town on a real stagecoach and taking a train ride through Wild West City forest. We also visited the Barnyard Zoo and saw the animals that would have been on a farm in those days. After having lunch, we just couldn't skip dessert, so we went to the old-time candy store and tried some of their famous cotton candy. Before leaving, we had an old-fashioned picture taken in period costume - so now we'll always have something to remember our visit!

3. SCANNING FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Read the texts and answer questions 1-10. Write A-D in the boxes.

Which person ...

visited a museum?

wants to visit the place again?

got dressed up at the theme park?

visited a place where some visitors could keep something they found?

took part in a show?

enjoyed shows that aren't available all year round?

tried a well-known popular treat?

visited a place with a younger family member?

didn't expect to enjoy the visit?

had to leave because something wasn't available on site?

4. GUESSING THE MEANING OF UNKNOWN WORDS

Match the highlighted words/phrases in the texts with the meanings a-h. There are two extra meanings which you do not need to use.

- 1. in tune
- 2. endurance
- 2. chuirance
- 3. workshop
- 4. replica
- 5. habitat
- 6. stroll

- a. an exact copyb. a meeting where people
- discuss or practise sth
- c. the ability to keep doing sth
- (for long periods of time) **d.** surprised
- e. to walk slowly, in a relaxed way
- f. in harmony
- g. findings
- **h.** the natural environment in
 - which an animal lives

5. POST-READING

Discuss.

- Which of the theme parks would you most like to visit and why?
- Which of them would you definitely not be interested in visiting? Why?

Vocabulary & grammar

VOCABULARY

1. COLLOCATIONS WITH GET, GO, HAVE AND TAKE

Complete the collocations using the verbs in the box.

have take get go (for)

1	_ shopping	9	a photograph
	_ a great time	10	to sleep
3	_ a swim	11	a tour
4	_ swimming	12	a nap
5	_ a stroll	13	a party
6	_ a meal	14	a holiday
7	_ fun	15	on holiday
8	_ ready	16	a walk

2. WORDS EASILY CONFUSED

Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in the boxes.

take bring

- _____ your mobile phone with 1. Don't forget to you when you leave.
- 2. Will you please _____ me the remote control?

history story

- 3. He told us an amazing about what he did while he was on holiday.
- **4.** This town has a very old that makes a lot of people want to come here.

take part take place

- 5. The awards ceremony will _ tomorrow evening at eight.
- 6. I _ in many school plays when I was younger. humid wet
- 7. I didn't have an umbrella with me, so I got all when it rained.
- 8. It is so hot and _____ today that I feel like I'm in a sauna!

hold keep

- 9. I always _ ____ a book in my backpack so I have something to read on the train.
- 10. Do you think you can ____ _____ the door open for me, please?

suit costume uniform

- 11. All the actors in the play were wearing beautiful period
- **12.** He bought an expensive new _____ for his wedding.
- 13. Andrew is an officer in the Air Force and has to get his ______ cleaned and ironed daily.

GRAMMAR

1. INFINITIVES AND THE -ING FORM

FOCUS ON USE

A. Look at the following examples of the full infinitives (e.g. *to do*), the bare infinitives (e.g. *do*) and the -ing form (e.g. doing) from the texts A and D in the Reading activity and complete the rules.

I love spending time in nature, so last month I visited DeSoto Caverns.

I really wanted to take my nine-year-old nephew somewhere where he could have fun and learn something too, so I decided to take him to Dinosaur World.

The

The

The

is used after:

is used after:

is used after:

- modal verbs (can, could, must, should, may, etc.)
- let and make in the Active Voice • would rather and had better

- certain verbs (want, would like, hope, decide, manage, agree, refuse, seem, promise, etc.)
- be + adjective (it's nice, I was happy, etc.)
- too and enough
- question words (how, what, when, where, etc.)

- certain verbs (avoid, enjoy, love, hate, finish, imagine, mind, risk, suggest, consider, etc.)
- certain expressions (how about, it's no use, it's no good, there's no point in, be used to, etc.) • prepositions (for, about, without, etc.)

B. Read the following sets of sentences and match them with the statements a or b which are the closest in meaning.

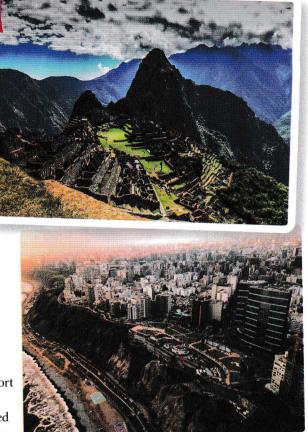
- 1. I must remember to lock the door before leaving the building.
- 2. I remember locking the door when I left the building.
 - a. First I remember, then I do it.
 - b. I remember that I have done something earlier.
- 3. He stopped taking pictures when he saw the 'No Photos' sign.
- 4. He stopped to take some pictures of the nice view.
 - a. He took pictures after he stopped doing something else.
 - **b.** He was taking pictures and then he stopped doing it.
- 5. She tried to open the door, but she couldn't.
- 6. She tried opening the door with a fork.
 - a. She made an effort.
 - b. She did something to see what effect it would have.

2. PRACTICE

Complete the text with the full infinitive, the bare infinitive or the -ing form of the verbs in brackets.



My parents are both archaeologists and during the holidays they often take me on trips to different exotic places. The most exciting trip I've been on so far was to Peru. If you want (see) beautiful cities and impressive (1)scenery, then it's worth (2) _ _____ (visit) Peru. There are loads of things (3) _____ (do) and places (4) _____ (explore). If you're planning on (5) _____ (visit) Peru, you must definitely (go) to Cuzco; it's an ancient city full (6) of archaeological wonders. It also has many museums where you _____ (learn) about the ancient Inca can (7) civilisation. I loved (8) (walk) around (look) at the impressive the city and (9) buildings. We also went to a place famous for its waterfalls; it was a boiling hot day, and I decided (10) (swim) in one of the nearby natural pools. The highlight of our trip was the trek along the Inca trail; we explored amazing archaeological ruins, and enjoyed breathtaking mountain views. Although you may (11) _____ (be) tired after (complete) the trek, it is well worth the effort (12) because at the end of the trail you arrive at the magical city of Machu Picchu. The Incas built the city on top of a granite mountain; they used clever engineering (13) (carry) heavy stone blocks up the mountain. A trip to Peru is a must for anyone who wants _____ (experience) something amazing. (14)

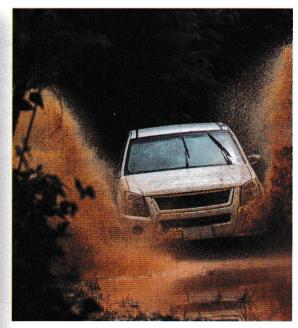


ENGLISH IN USE

Read the text and complete the gaps. Use only one word in each gap.



During the week, Jane seems (1) _____ lead a boring life, working as a secretary. At the weekend though, her life changes. She is a rally driver. As often as she can, she (2) _____ part in car races and travels all over Europe. She first became interested (3) _____ racing when, one Saturday morning, some of her friends called her and suggested going to a nearby track. Without giving it much thought, she immediately (4) _____ ready and went. They spent the whole day there, and they (5) _____ a great time. After that, Jane was hooked. Since she started racing, she has competed in races all around the world. The hardest race she has been in took (6) _____ in Croatia, on twisting mountain roads and in extreme heat and clouds of dust. Despite these conditions, Jane managed (7) ______ finish in second place. Even though racing can be stressful and difficult at times, Jane says that she is never _____ tired to rally, because it's great fun and it helps (8) her relax.





LISTENING 🕬

You are going to hear short conversations. After you hear each conversation, you will be asked a question about what you heard. Choose the picture a, b or c which answers the question correctly.



SPEAKING

Discuss the following questions. You can use some of the words and expressions in the boxes.

- What forms of entertainment are available where you live?
- What forms of entertainment are popular with young people in your country?
- Young people generally enjoy different kinds of entertainment than older people. Why do you think that is?
- What kind of things do you usually do when you go out with your friends? Why?
- Do you think young people today spend too much money on entertainment?



There are/aren't many ways to entertain yourself. There are many things you can do, for example... There aren't many things to do, only... ... and... are very popular because... I would say that young people... I think that older people... I wouldn't say that...

Writing 🐠 An essay giving an opinion II

1

and the second second

1. DISCUSS

• Do you enjoy visiting museums? Why? / Why not?

2. FOCUS ON USING NOTES

Read the rubric, the notes and the essay giving an opinion. Underline the parts in the essay that correspond to the notes.

You have recently had a discussion in your English class about museums. Now your English teacher has asked you to write an essay on the topic below. Write your essay using all the notes you have been given and provide reasons for your point of view.

A visit to a museum is a rewarding experience for people of all ages. Do you agree?

NOTES Write about: • learning

- entertainment
- ... (your own idea)

A trip to a museum can be useful and fun for the young and old alike. The exhibitions in different kinds of museums help people of all ages to understand the world and travel into the past, present and future.

The variety of things one can learn about in museums is indeed impressive. Historical museums, for instance, help us understand our past by displaying objects and information to show us how our ancestors lived and survived. Others, such as scientific and technological museums and museums of natural history, give visitors the opportunity to explore different aspects of the world around them.

Furthermore, a visit to a museum can be both fun and engaging. Many museums today use huge visual and interactive displays that stimulate the visitors' imagination and make the experience very realistic.

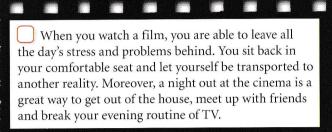
Finally, a visit to a museum can also be an excellent way to educate young children. Many museums today have special programmes that help children appreciate what a museum has to offer so they can learn from their visit. Lifelike displays attract children's attention and are much more vivid and memorable than information in a textbook.

To sum up, a visit to a museum is valuable for both adults and children. The creative and imaginative exhibitions can be entertaining and at the same time educational.

3. TOPIC SENTENCES

- A. Read the sentences underlined in the essay. These sentences are called topic sentences. What do you think their function is?
- B. Read the note and then answer the questions.
 - **Topic sentences** introduce the central idea F 0 of the paragraph. The other sentences in the paragraph develop the idea expressed in the topic sentence by expanding on it, giving examples or explaining it.
 - 1. In the second paragraph, how does the writer show the wide variety of opportunities for learning that museums offer?
 - 2. In the third paragraph, how does the writer justify his/her argument that visiting a museum can be entertaining?
 - 3. What argument is introduced in the fourth paragraph? How does the writer support his/her opinion?

C. The topic sentence from the following paragraph is missing. Read the paragraph and choose the most appropriate topic sentence *a*, *b* or *c*.



a. There is no doubt that the cinema as a form of entertainment is not as popular as it once was.

- **b.** The cinema is a popular form of entertainment that is both relaxing and stimulating.
- c. Entertainment, whether it is watching a film at the cinema or doing whatever else you enjoy, is a significant aspect of our lifestyle.

4. WRITING TASK

A. Read the rubric, the essay topic and the notes and underline the key words. Then come up with an idea of your own on the essay topic as well as examples to support it.

You have recently had a discussion in your English class about leisure activities and how they help to reduce stress and anxiety. Now your teacher has asked you to write an essay on the topic below. Write your essay using all the notes you have been given and provide reasons for your point of view.

Listening to music is probably the best way to fight stress and anxiety.

NOTES Write about: • effect on mood suitability for various purposes/situations • ... (your own idea)

B. Write your essay (140-190 words).



When writing an essay expressing an opinion:

- in the introduction, clearly state the topic of the essay and give your opinion.
- > ensure that in the main part of the essay the topic sentences of the paragraphs introduce the arguments supporting the claim you made in the introduction.
- > do not make a topic sentence too general or broad because you will not be able to develop the idea adequately.
- > do not make a topic sentence too limited or narrow in scope because you will not have anything to say about it.

For linking words/phrases you can use, go to the Writing Section.



Reading 🐢

1. PRE-READING

Discuss.

• Do you collect anything? If yes, what do you collect, how long have you had your collection and what made you start? If not, do you know or have you heard of any people with unusual collections?

2. READING FOR GIST

Read the article quickly without paying attention to the missing sentences and answer the questions.

- a. What is Josh Lemming's strange collection?
- **b.** Who helped him organise his collection?
- c. How do people react to Josh's collection?

3. RECONSTRUCTING A GAPPED TEXT

You will read the article again. Six sentences have been removed from the text. Choose from the sentences A-G the one which best fits each gap (1-6). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

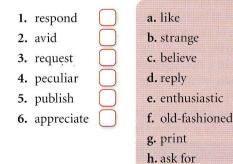
- **A.** Josh is a great fan of the cinema, and even when in foreign countries, he always makes an effort to watch a film, even if it's in a language he can't understand.
- **B.** Josh didn't really like the attention at first.
- **C.** At first, only his friends knew about his collection.
- **D.** Josh doesn't think his collection is very important, but he doesn't want to displease his mother.
- **E.** Josh's enthusiasm for collecting will keep him occupied for many years to come.
- **F.** Some people even got inspired to start their own collections.
- **G.** Josh's mother actually had the idea of arranging the tickets in albums.

4. GUESSING THE MEANING OF UNKNOWN WORDS

Match the highlighted words in the article with the meanings a-h. There are two extra meanings which you do not need to use.

NAME OF PASSANGER

JOHN DOE





Strange Hobbies

Josh Lemming has a very strange hobby. He collects aeroplane, bus and train tickets from every place he has ever travelled to. So far, he has over 1,000 tickets. He arranges them in photo albums according to date, type and country.

'When I mention my collection,' says Josh, 'most people respond, "You can't be serious." But once they see my albums, they realise I'm actually pretty serious. I'm a photographer, so I travel a lot. I've been to over 50 countries.'

Josh began collecting his tickets about ten years ago. 'It may seem a little crazy, but one day, as I was getting off a bus in Madrid, Spain, I decided to keep my bus ticket, instead of throwing it away. After that, I never threw away another ticket.'

She is an avid stamp collector, and has stamps dating back to the early 1900s. 'After seeing the way she organised her stamps, I decided to organise my tickets in a similar manner. Mine were just in plastic bags. My mother bought me a bunch of albums, and I sorted through the plastic bags. It must have taken me about a month to organise them all. But now, it's a lot easier to look through my tickets.'

Josh has become well known in his home town of Darwin, Australia. 2 Then, a local newspaper reporter heard about Josh. She called him and requested an interview, as well as a viewing of his collection. 'I was really surprised to learn that the local newspaper was interested in my collection. But then again, I guess people like hearing about peculiar things.' After the newspaper published an article on Josh called 'The Ticket Collector', more and more people began contacting Josh in order to view his collection. Marie Newton, a local resident, started collecting her own travel tickets. 'I found Josh's collection to be a great way to keep a record of all the places I've been to. After seeing it, I decided to start saving my tickets, though I definitely don't travel as much as he does. It might actually make me start travelling more!'

4 'It was kind of strange,' he explains. 'All of a sudden I was getting all this attention simply for doing something that was meaningful to me. But now I'm used to it. Plus, in a way, I'm proud of my collection. It represents a lot of hard work.'

Josh continues to collect his travel tickets. However, he has started a new collection — cinema tickets. 5 'So far, I only have about 65 tickets,' Josh says, 'but that's only one year's worth. I plan on seeing a lot more films, believe me.' He has already begun organising the tickets in albums, which were, again, a gift from his mum.

6 'One day, I hope to sit down with my children and show them all the things I have collected. Hopefully, they'll appreciate it — after all, it seems like collecting runs in the family.'

5. POST-READING

Discuss.

DATE SEAT

TIME 12:30

'AYS

EMR

^{7NOV}

DOE/JOHN MF

12A

ETKT5552124

- What is your opinion about Josh's collection?
- Do you think that the interest that other people show in Josh's collection is justified?
- Would you be interested in starting a similar collection? Why? / Why not?

AMS

St

BCN

SCONOMY CLASS

Vocabulary & grammar

VOCABULARY 1. WORDS EASILY CONFUSED 1. EXPRESSING POSSIBILITY (MAY - MIGHT - COULD) Use the words in the boxes to complete the sentences. ticket fare 1. Don't forget to buy your _____ for the concert! 2. It's better to take the bus if you can't afford the taxi 1. It may seem a little crazy... a. Perhaps it's crazy. b. It's certainly crazy. strange foreign **3.** There is a ______ smell in the kitchen. 4. Students have to study one language **b.** It has possibly happened. and can choose either French or Spanish. mention report what time he would be home? 5. Did he in the past but didn't happen? 6. If your passport is stolen, you should ______ it to the police. Madrid, but he decided to keep it. get off get out of Josh has travelled to. 7. We're going to ______ the bus at the next stop. 8. I can't wait to ______ this car! with the rules. similar identical • Use may/might/could + base form to 9. The two films were so ______, I felt like I had seen the same film twice. to express possibility in the past. **10.** Jeannie gave birth to twins that look exactly alike. 2. COLLECTIVE NOUNS

Use the collective nouns in the box to form collocations. In somes cases more than one noun may be correct.

		bunch	pack	set	pile
1.	a _		_ of flower	rs	
2.	a_		_ of tools		
3.	a _		_ of books	6	
4.	a _		_ of gum		
5.	a _	A	_ of rules		
6.	a _		_ of boxes		
7.	a _		_ of grape	s	
8.	a _		_ of wolve	S	
9.	a_		_ of keys		
10.	a _		_ of furnit	ure	
			_		

3. ADJECTIVES + PREPOSITIONS

A. Look at the following adjectives with prepositions. Which of them have a positive and which a negative meaning?

interested in	proud of	bored with
sick of	keen on	fond of
disgusted by	crazy about	tired of
· fed up with	impressee	l by/with

- B. Complete the sentences to make true statements about vourself.
 - 1. I'm very keen...
 - 2. My dad is proud...
 - 3. When I was younger, I was bored...
 - 4. My best friend is crazy...
 - 5. Most of my friends are interested...

GRAMMAR

- A. Look at the extracts from the text in the Reading activity and choose which of the statements a or b is the closest in meaning.
 - 2. It might actually make me start travelling more! a. It's possible to happen in the future.
- B. Now read the sentences. Which of them means that the action possibly happened in the past and which means that the action was possible
 - 3. Josh could have thrown away his bus ticket in
 - 4. Marie might have been to some of the places
- C. Match the examples 1-4 in activities 1A and 1B
- express possibility in the present or future.
- Use may/might + have + past participle
- Use **could** + **have** + **past participle** to express possibility in the past which was not fulfilled.

2. MAKING DEDUCTIONS (MUST - CAN'T)

A. Look at the extracts from the text in the Reading activity and choose which of the statements a or b is the closest in meaning. 1. You can't be serious.

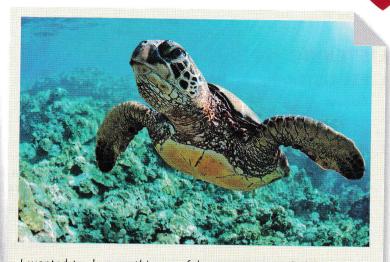
- a. You aren't able to be serious. b. Surely, you aren't serious.
- 2. It must have taken me about a month to organise them all.
 - a. I believe it took me about a month to organise them all.
 - **b.** I had to work for a month to organise them all.
- B. Now read the sentences 3-4 and compare them with the examples 1-2. What's the difference between can't be and can't have been? What about must take and must have taken?
 - 3. When Josh said that one of his bus tickets cost £10,000, he can't have been serious.
 - 4. It must take at least 15 hours to fly from Australia to Spain.
- C. Match the examples 1-4 in activities 2A and 2B with the rules.
- Use **must** + **base form** to express certainty that something is true.
- Use **can't** + **base form** to express belief that something is impossible.
- Use **must** + **have** + **past participle** to express certainty that something happened in the past.
- Use can't/couldn't + have + past participle to express certainty that something didn't happen.

3. PRACTICE

Read the texts and circle the correct words.

My friend Becky (1) can't be / must be the smartest person I know. I used to tell her that she should go on a quiz show, because she would know all the answers to the questions. Well, last month she finally did, and she won £50,000! When I asked her what she planned to do with her money, she told me she (2) mustn't / might buy a new car. I think that if Becky had gone to a different quiz show, she (3) could win / could have won even more money, and I keep telling her that she should apply to a second one. Becky agrees that she (4) could win / can't win more, but she doesn't want to go on another quiz show. The money she has won is enough for her!





I wanted to do something useful on my summer holiday, so I volunteered at a local Turtle Rescue and Conservation Centre. My supervisor, Sally, told me that conservation work requires a lot of energy and patience. She (5) can't be / must be right, because I've only been doing it for a week and I'm completely exhausted! Yesterday, I got up at dawn to help with the morning survey. This involves walking along the beach and checking the nests where turtles lay their eggs. The survey lasted into the heat of the day and, at one point, I (6) must have looked / couldn't have looked like I was about to faint because Sally told me to go and take a break. This morning I helped to rescue a turtle, which (7) must injure / must have injured its back flipper in the sea. I think a speedboat (8) might have knocked / couldn't have knocked against it. We found it on the beach and transported it back to the Rescue Centre where it was treated immediately. The vet said the turtle was lucky. It (9) could have lost / must have lost its back flipper if we hadn't found it in time. At that moment, I felt that all the hard work was worth it.

ENGLISH IN USE

Choose the word or phrase that most appropriately completes the sentence.

 This dress looks really a. similar 	to the one that Jessica b. identical	was wearing yesterday. c. same	d. common
 When you talked to Larry a. report 	on the phone earlier, did he b. mention	where he was? c. request	d. sort
 If you don't validate your a. fare 	, you will be charge b. album	ed a fine. c. ticket	d. stamp
 Fiona is really interested _ a. in 	learning foreign lan b. for	nguages. c. of	d. by
 John gave his wife a a. pile 	of roses. b. set	c. pack	d. bunch
 I don't want to hang out w a. crazy about 	vith Brian any more. He is alway b. fed up with		
7. We got the thea. by	train at 9.30, and we took a taxi b. out	to our hotel. c. up	d. off
8. Jenna spends so many hor a. keen on	ars at the pool! Obviously, she's v b. proud of	rery swimming c. bored with	g. d. sick of

Vocabulary & grammar

VOCABULARY

WORDS RELATED TO THE THEATRE AND CINEMA

A. Decide if the following words are related to the theatre, the cinema or both.

production director sets acting special effects a play performance foyer complex stage rehearsal screen blockbuster cast plot stuntman soundtrack

- **B.** Read the sentences and circle the correct answer.
 - **1.** I saw the new **plot / production** of *A Midsummer Night's Dream* last night; it was really funny.
 - 2. John is really interested in a career in acting / stage.
 - **3.** The **director / production** won an Academy Award for his latest film.
 - 4. The latest Bond film had fantastic special soundtrack / effects.
 - **5.** We went to see a **play** / **plot** on Saturday night at the Royal Exchange Theatre.
 - **6.** Her **performance** / **production** in the film was not convincing.
 - 7. The **foyer / stage** of the theatre was very crowded on the first night of the show.
 - **8.** A new cinema **screen / complex** has been built in the area.
 - 9. The actress fell off the play / stage during the rehearsal / acting.
 - **10.** Although she's an award-winning actress, she doesn't like to watch herself on **screen** / **sets**.
 - 11. The adaptation of the latest *How to Train Your Dragon* book was an instant **blockbuster** / **production**.
 - **12.** The lead actress refused to have lunch with the rest of the **acting / cast**.
 - **13.** The film had a weak **plot / performance** and the acting was bad.
 - **14.** The **director / stuntman** injured himself in the car chase scene.
 - **15.** The three film **sets / rehearsals** cost millions of dollars to create.

GRAMMAR

QUESTION TAGS

A. Read the extracts from the monologues you heard in the listening section and circle the correct words to complete the rules about question tags.

You know what I mean, don't you? That's proper culture, isn't it? ... you don't have so much free time, do you?

- Question tags are short questions placed at the **beginning / end** of a statement. We use them when we are not sure of something or when we ask for confirmation.
- Question tags are formed with the auxiliary / main verb and a personal pronoun.
- If the statement is positive, the question tag is **positive / negative.**
- If the statement is negative, the question tag is **positive / negative**.

B. Write an appropriate question tag at the end of each statement.

- 1. The film wasn't very good, _____
- 2. It's too hot today, _____?
- 3. You're the new teacher, _____?
- 4. You didn't break her vase, _____
- 5. Alex is working in a bank now, _____
- 6. Mary made this cake, _____?
- 7. You will remember to buy her a present for her graduation, _____?
- 8. Let's watch a film tonight, _____
- 9. You go to the gym every day, _____
- 10. Remember to buy bread, _____?





1. DISCUSS

- Do you read film, theatre or book reviews online? Why? / Why not?
- Would a review influence your choice of a film/play to see or a book to buy?

2. FOCUS ON CONTENT AND ORGANISATION

A. Read the review of a film. What is the writer's opinion of the film?



First Man is a biographical drama which tells the story of Neil Armstrong, the first man to walk on the moon. Directed by Damien Chazelle and starring Ryan Gosling, it is a thrilling and emotional look at what life was really like for one of the world's most famous astronauts.

First Man is set both in the United States and in space, and follows the personal and professional life of Armstrong until the lunar landing in 1969. From the beginning, the film focuses on the difficulties and dangers Armstrong faced. It also highlights the effects his unique job had on his private life.

A combination of strong acting and stunning special effects make *First Man* a success. Ryan Gosling gives a brilliant performance and the film also has a strong supporting cast, which includes Claire Foy as Armstrong's wife. The director uses both special effects and real footage from the first moon landing to keep audiences on the edge of their seats.

First Man is a fantastic film, telling the story of a true hero. With breathtaking visuals and realistic performances, it is definitely worth seeing.

B. Read the review again and answer the following questions.

In which paragraph does the writer:

- **a.** state his overall opinion and make a recommendation?
- **b.** briefly describe the plot and setting?

- c. comment on the actors' performance?
- **d.** refer to the special effects?
- **e.** give some general information about the film?

- 90 <

3. FOCUS ON DESCRIPTIVE LANGUAGE

A. Match the adjectives with the nouns to form collocations. You can use more than one adjective for each noun.



1. _____ plot 2. _______ acting 3. ______ performance 4. _____ music 5. ______scenes 6. choreography 7. ______atmosphere 8. ______ special effects

B. Talk in pairs about a film you saw recently. Use the adjectives and nouns in the previous activity.

I saw... last niaht. Really? What was the plot like? It was... What about the acting?

4. WRITING TASK

A. Read the rubric and complete the outline for your review.

Looking for film reviews

Write a review of a film that you have recently seen. Include information about it and say whether you would recommend it to people of your age.



INTRODUCTION

• Give some general information about the film. Title: Type of film:

Director: Leading actors:

MAIN PART (PARAGRAPH 1)

Give a brief summary of the plot.

MAIN PART (PARAGRAPH 2)

 Make comments about what you liked or didn't like about the film.

	excellent	good	not good
acting			
length of film			
music			
special effects			
sets and costumes			
ending			

CONCLUSION

 State your general opinion about the film and say whether you recommend it or not.

B. Write your review (140-190 words).



When writing a review of a film, play, book, etc .:

- > choose a film, book, etc. that you know well and make a plan of what you are going to write about. Decide whether your review will be positive, negative or balanced.
- remember to include all the necessary basic information: name and kind of book/film/play; name of author/director, etc.; plot and setting; actors and their performance; other significant aspects such as music, special effects, etc.; comments about what you liked/ didn't like and a recommendation.
- mention only the main points of the plot. Do not include too many details and do not reveal the ending. Remember to use the Present Simple.
- use a range of adjectives and a vivid style to describe the film, play or book and to express your opinion.

For phrases you can use, go to the Writing Section.

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

- A. Choose the word that most appropriately completes the sentence.
 - 1. Scientists believe that workers who ______ a nap in the afternoon are more productive during the remainder of the day.
 - a. go
 - b. take
 - c. get
 - d. go on
 - 2. We need to ready; the taxi is coming in five minutes.
 - a. have
 - b. go
 - c. get
 - d. take
 - 3. There were _____ lights in the sky last night. a. avid **b.** interactive
 - c. old-fashioned
 - **d.** peculiar
 - 4. Paul and I have very _____ tastes in music. a. identical
 - **b.** similar
 - c. same
 - d. natural
 - 5. 'James, please could you buy me a _____ of gum when you go out?'
 - a. set
 - **b.** pile
 - c. pack
 - d. bunch
 - 6. Sally is upset because she lost her _____ of keys for the building; as a result, all the locks have to be changed.
 - a. set
 - b. pack
 - c. pile d. group
 - 7. The ____
 - _____ that I saw last night was very disappointing; the acting was bad and the plot was poor.
 - a. stage
 - b. set
 - c. play **d.** director
 - 8. The other members of the _____ were annoyed with the lead actress because she was always late for rehearsals. a. cast
 - **b.** blockbuster
 - c. soundtrack
 - d. screen

- B. Choose the word or phrase that produces a grammatically correct sentence.
 - 1. I forgot ______ the telephone bill last week.
 - a. pay
 - b. to pay
 - c. paying
 - d. paid
 - 2. Sue stopped in the street to her friend Margaret.
 - a. to talk
 - **b.** talk
 - c. talking
 - d. talked
 - 3. Charlie enjoys ______ tennis at the weekend with his friends.
 - a. play
 - b. playing
 - c. to play
 - d. played
 - 4. The weather is lovely today, _____?
 - a. isn't it
 - **b.** doesn't it
 - c. is it
 - d. won't it
 - 5. You've met Alice before, ____?
 - a. won't you
 - b. haven't you
 - c. aren't you
 - d. don't you?
 - 6. Jack have eaten the cake. He hates sweets.
 - a. mustn't
 - **b.** might
 - c. could
 - d. can't
 - 7. Fay is worried that something _____ wrong with her experiment.
 - a. must go
 - b. might go
 - **c.** could have
 - d. might have
 - 8. Jackie _____ her leg on that ski slope it was very steep and she's not an experienced skier.
 - a. could have broken
 - **b.** couldn't have broken
 - **c.** must break
 - **d.** can't have broken

C. Complete the text with the full infinitive, the bare infinitive or the -ing form of the verbs in brackets.

I remember my father (1) ______ (hand) me a camera when I was nine years old. At first I wasn't sure what (2) ______ (do) with it, but after my father told me the basics, it didn't take long for me (3) ______ (learn) how to use it. As my pictures improved, my interest in photography continued (4) ______ (grow), and twenty years later I still love clicking my camera at anything that interests me. I simply refuse (5) ______ (leave) home without my camera because I believe there is always something special in everyday life that is worth
(6) _________ (capture). When I go on holiday, I enjoy
(7) _________ (take) pictures of exotic landscapes,
but I'm more interested in (8) ________ (take)
photographs of ordinary things and people in their daily
lives. It's usually in these simple moments that you can
(9) ________ (find) a certain magic. Photography has
made me (10) _______ (see) the world in a different
way and appreciate its astonishing beauty.

D. Read the text and decide which answer *a*, *b* or *c* best fits each gap.

A Home Away From Home

A few years ago, my family and I went to Guernsey for a holiday; my parents were so (1) _____ of the island that they decided to buy a house there. Guernsey is one of the Channel Islands, (2) _____ in the English Channel off the coast of Normandy, a region in northern France. Its capital is St Peter Port, a(n) (3) _____ harbour town with marinas and various shops, museums and restaurants. During the day, I like going with my family on walks through the (4) countryside or along the coast. Sometimes we take the ferry to Sark or Alderney, two (5) ______ islands which have lots of attractions and beautiful (6) _____ for trekking. When my parents first told me they were buying a house in Guernsey, I thought it might be boring to go to the same place every year, but then I fell in love with Guernsey and now I really (7) ______ the fact that I have a home there.



1. a. keen	b. impressed	c. fond
2. a. occupied	b. hooked	c. located
3. a. impressive	b. private	c. convincing
4. a. scenic	b. guided	c. distant
5. a. breathtaking	b. authentic	c. same
6. a. piles	b. trails	c. habitats
7. a. appreciate	b. recreate	c. request

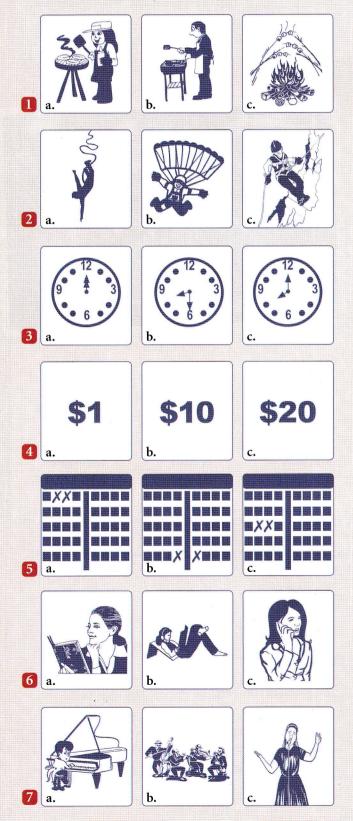
E. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. You must use the word given without changing it. Use between two and five words, including the word given.

1. You'll only be wasting your time if you call him.		point
There is	him.	
2. I don't think Paul works hard enough.		is
Paul is not a	he?	
3. I'm sure they didn't go mountain climbing without a guide.		have
They	mountain climbing without a guide.	
4. I'm almost certain that my purse was stolen while I was on the	train.	been
My purse	while I was on the train.	
5. It's possible that he went to the gym after work.		might
Не	to the gym after work.	
6. It was a mistake to buy a second-hand car.		regret
I	a second-hand car.	



LISTENING 1

You will hear short conversations. After you hear each conversation, you will be asked a question about what you heard. Choose the picture *a*, *b* or *c* which answers the question correctly.



SELF-ASSESSMENT

Read the following and tick the appropriate boxes. For the points you are unsure of, refer back to the relevant sections in the module.

	Now I can	
VOCABULARY	 > use collocations with <i>get, go, have</i> and <i>take</i> > distinguish the difference in meaning of words easily confused > use collective nouns > use adjectives + prepositions 	
GRAMMAR	 > use infinitives and the <i>-ing</i> form appropriately > use <i>may</i>, <i>might</i> and <i>could</i> to express possibility > use <i>must</i> and <i>can't</i> to make deductions > use question tags to ask for confirmation 	
READING	 > understand gist and details in a text > understand text organisation and reconstruct a gapped text 	
LISTENING	 > understand specific information in a short conversation and identify the picture that corresponds to the information > listen to short monologues and understand the main idea expressed by each speaker 	
SPEAKING	 > talk about different forms of entertainment and free-time activities > obtain information that I need, make a choice and justify it 	
WRITING	 > use topic sentences to introduce the general idea of a paragraph > write an essay expressing an opinion > write a review 	