

PIONEER BEGINNERS CONTENTS

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	7	TOSK: Collaborating with a	partner to make a business ca	ard The Control of th
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	in the	Location and directions		Asking for, giving and following directions
	트	Words/Phrases related to		Expressing opinion
		the environment		Talking about places in one's town/city
		Sights		Describing a place
	1			. 1

Tusk: Collaborating with others, discussing ideas and making a poster advertising events

Reading	Listening	Speaking (Pronunciation/Intonation*)	Writing
• A comic strip: Teacher trouble	Greeting people, introducing others and saying goodbye Short formal and informal dialogues discussing personal information A formal conversation requesting personal information	 Pair work: Greeting each other Group work: Greeting, introducing and saying goodbye Group work: Talking about jobs Pair work game: Asking questions to guess the person Pair work: Exchanging personal information (age, phone number, address, email) Presenting oneself and others Pair work: Saying where you are from and where you live Pair work: Spelling names * Numbers (fifteen vs fifty) 	Sentences about yourself Making a business card Completing a form Developing skills: Capital letters
A magazine article: What's your favourite gadget?	Three short dialogues about gadgets A conversation between a woman and an airport official A conversation about a teacher	Group work: Asking and answering questions about a family tree Presenting oneself and family members Pair work: Expressing opinion about gadgets Pair work game: Identifying objects Pair work: Identifying the contents of one's bag Pair work: Describing people Pair work game: Guessing the person being described * /s/, /z/, /iz/ (plural -s)	Sentences about yourself and family members Sentences about your favourite gadget A paragraph describing a person Developing skills: Punctuation Capital letters
A short text: Pastry Patty A magazine interview: Life as a Game Tester!	Three short dialogues about sports A street survey about spare time Three short dialogues about TV programmes	Pair work: Talking about routines Group work: Talking about sport preferences and making suggestions Pair work: Talking about spare-time activities Pair work: Conducting and taking part in a survey about spare time Group work: Talking about TV programmes and preferences Third-person singular -s Intonation of questions	Sentences comparing people's daily routines A profile for a social media site Developing skills: Word order Planning and organising your writing
A magazine article: My guide to simple housework House advertisements	A street survey about housework A conversation about which flat to rent Two short dialogues about where one lives	Pair work: Talking about housework Group work: Speculating about the location of objects Pair work: Talking about one's bedroom Pair work: Discussing which flat to rent Pair work: Talking about where you live Pair work: Describing one's house/flat Intonation of questions and answers	Sentences about one's bedroom A description of a house / a flat Developing skills: Aspects of sentence structure Listing things
 An Internet forum: How do you get around the city? A poster: Green Neighbourhood 	A radio report about traffic Three short dialogues discussing directions Four short dialogues taking place at different places in a city	Class discussion about getting around Group survey: Can you? Pair work: Asking for and giving directions Class discussion about how 'green' one's neighbourhood is Group work: Discussing changes and planning events Group work: Talking about one's town/city ////./s/./t//	A description of one's town/city Developing skills: Avoiding repetition Planning and organising your writing

	Vacabulary	Grammar	Functions
57 a dara	Food and drink Food categories Conversational English Phrases denoting quantity	Countable and Uncountable nouns (n) / some some / any How much? / How many?	Talking about food preferences and eating habits Asking and answering about quantity Understanding menus Ordering food and drink Making, accepting and refusing offers
	TOSK: Creating, conductin	g and reporting the results o	f a survey
67 a	Ways of communicating Telephone language Conversational English Computer language The weather	Present Progressive	Talking about current activities Talking on the phone Asking for help and offering help Thanking and responding to thanks Guessing the meaning of words in context Discussing facts Making suggestions Talking about the weather
	Tusk: Collaborating and co	reating a quiz about technolo	рау
Memories	School subjects Years Conversational English Word building: nouns ending in -er and -or referring to people Life events Parts of the body	Past Simple Past Simple of the verb to be There was / There were	Talking about past events/experiences Giving reasons Talking about famous people in history and their achievements Understanding dictionary entries Talking about accidents and responding to bad news
	Tusk: Collaborating with o	thers to write a biography	
Extreme	Numbers over a hundred Clothes Sizes Prices Words/Phrases related to shopping Conversational English Words/Phrases related to space Animals Extreme sports	Comparative forms Superlative forms	Making comparisons Talking about clothes and expressing preference Talking about prices and sizes Discussing facts Expressing opinion, agreement and disagreement Discussing past experiences
	TOSK: Collaborating with a	partner to reach a decision	based on specific criteria
Tet amo	Types of holiday Seasons Months Geographical features Holiday activities Conversational English	• Future <i>be going to</i> • The verb <i>should</i>	 Talking about holidays Talking about dates and seasons Locating information on tickets, schedules, etc. Making plans and future arrangements Inviting, accepting and refusing an invitation Asking for and giving advice Expressing opinion and giving reason
			2

Reading	Listening	Speaking (Pronunciation/Intonation*)	Writing
 A magazine article: Vegetarian or Meat eater? A comic strip: Mrs Pickles 	A conversation between a waiter and a couple ordering Four people answering questions for a survey Two short dialogues	 Pair work: Discussing food preferences and eating habits Pair work: Role play at a restaurant Group work: Conducting and taking part in a survey Class discussion about food from other countries Pair work: Asking for and giving information about a restaurant Pair work: Talking about people's eating habits in your country * /g/, /dʒ/ 	Sentences about food preferences A short text about eating habits Developing skills: Linking words (and, but, or) Planning and organising your writing
• A feature article: Keyboard shortcuts	Two short dialogues A radio programme about a computer quiz Three short dialogues about the weather	 Pair work: Role play talking on the phone Pair work: Using guidelines to hold a conversation Group work: Discussing facts Class discussion about the weather Group work: Discussing, making suggestions and deciding what to do Pair work: An everyday conversation /n/, /ŋ/ Word stress 	A quiz A letter / An email to a friend Developing skills: Set phrases for informal letters/emails
Two short emails about a day out A factual text: The Brontë Sisters	Three short dialogues about school memories A radio programme about a famous person in history A conversation about an accident	Pair work: Talking about yesterday Pair work: Talking about one's school years Group game: Guessing the famous person in history Pair work: Discussing an accident /t/, /d/, /id/	A short email about the recent past A short biography A paragraph about a bad day Developing skills: Linking words/phrases to list events
A comic strip: Big Shorts Quiz: Cosmic quiz! A webpage: Help Save Snow Leopards!	A science teacher talking to his class A conversation about mountain gorillas A conversation at a rock climbing school	Class discussion about clothes and prices Group work: Role play at a clothes shop Pair work game: Presenting facts and guessing the planet Pair work: Discussing what to buy and reaching a decision Group work: Talking about extreme sports Pair work: Talking about past experiences ///, /i:/	An email describing an experience Developing skills: Linking words (because, so)
A booking confirmation, tickets, 'schedules, etc. showing someone's holiday plans A webpage: Advice for travellers going abroad	A conversation between a couple while on holiday Four monologues about what these people can't go camping without A conversation about a holiday	Pair work: Using dates Pair work: Making plans for a trip Group work: Inviting, accepting and refusing an invitation Pair work: Discussing what to take on a camping trip Group work: Matching people with holidays * /θ/, /δ/ * Silent letters	A short email about holiday plans An email while on holidays Developing skills: Using appropriate tenses and time expressions



Vocabulary 4)

Listen. How else can you get around in your town/city?















7 Reading **4**)

A. How do you think a businesswoman, a teacher and a university student get around the city? Listen, read and check your answers.

. .

HOW DO YOU GET AROUND THE CITY?

People don't always use the same means of transport. They think of the traffic, the time they have, the money, the weather, etc. Write and tell us how you get around.



POSTED BY:

I'm a businesswoman and I work in the city centre. I live outside the city and take the train every morning. From the station, I usually take a bus to my office or a taxi when I'm late. My mornings aren't easy, but I can't drive so I haven't got a car.



I'm a primary school teacher. I live near the school, so I can walk to work. When I want to go shopping or go out with friends, I ride my bike. There are lots of bicycle lanes around the city. I don't use public transport very often, only when there's bad weather.

in the morning.

POSTED BY: DEREK 18:58	lots of bicycle lanes around only when there's bad weath	the city. I don't use public transport very often, ner.			
POSTED BY:	to get there. When there's a friends give me a lift home	far from the university. I sometimes take the bus a lot of traffic, I take the underground. Sometimes, in the evenings. I can't buy a car right now, but			
21:05	I really want to get a motor write N for Nancy, D for Derek or				
1. This person does		5. This person wants to change the way he/she			
This person does his/her school/w	sn't need a lot of time to get to ork.	gets around the city. 6. This person doesn't often use public			
3. This person som	etimes gets a lift from others.	transport.			
4. This person som	etimes takes a taxi.	7. This person uses two means of transport			

5 peaking Discuss the following:

- · How do you get to work/school/the gym, etc.?
- · Do you often use public transport?
- · Is it easy to get around your neighbourhood/town/city on a bike?
- · How do you get around when the weather is bad?
- · Is there a lot of traffic in your town/city?
- · Have you got a car? Do you use it a lot?

Grammar The verb can $\rightarrow p$. 113

Read the examples. When do we use can and when do we use can't?

I He/She/It We/You/They	can	run fast.
I He/She/It We/You/They	can't	run fast.
Can	l he/she/it we/you/they	run fast?
Yes,	l he/she/it we/you/they	can.
No,	l he/she/it we/you/they	can't.

	30		
ke?			
	LONDON	TRANSPOR	

B. Complete with can and the words in brackets. Give short answers where possible.

1.	Carol starts wo	rk at 7 a.m. but she's usu	ally late.
	She	(not get) up early i	n the mornings.
2.	A:	(you / speak) French	1?
	B: No	, but I	(speak)
	Spanish.		
3.	A:	(your sister / drive)?	
	B: No,	She's only fourte	een!
4.	A: Peter loves s basketball w	sports. He ell.	_ (play) football and
	B: Really?	(he / play) te	ennis, too?
	A: Tennis? Oh,	I don't know about that.	
5.	A:	(the children / swim)?
	B: Yes,		
	A: Great! Let's	go swimming together.	

[. Group survey

Work in groups of four. Look at the table below and complete the left column with your own ideas. Then ask each other questions and note down the answers. Finally, report your group's answers to the class.

an you?	YOU	Student 1:	Student 2:	Student 3:
drive a car				
ride a bike				
ride a motorbike				
3		+		

5	Listening ()
T.	I. Listen to somebody talking on the radio.
	What is he talking about? Choose a, b or c.

				-		
a.	a	bicvc	le race	in th	ne city	centre

- b. what people can do in the city centre today
- c. the traffic in the city centre

В.	Listen	again	and	write	T	for	True	or	F	for	Fals	se.

1.	There are lots of people in the shops today.	
2	Drivers can't use Manson Street	

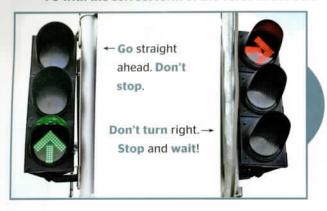
3.	There	is a lot of	traffic in	Pitt Avenue.	

4.	It's a	good	idea	to	walk	around	the city	today.
----	--------	------	------	----	------	--------	----------	--------



Grammar Imperative → p. 113

Read the examples and complete the sentences 1-5 with the correct form of the verbs in the box.



not drive do not use go turn not watch take

1. A: How do I get to the petrol station?

B: ______ down this street and _____ right at the café. The petrol station is on your left, between the supermarket and the bank.

2. _____ your car to work. _____ the bus.

TV now. It's late!

4. Maria! Please ______ the washing-up. I haven't got time.

5. A: _____ the lift. It doesn't work.

B: Oh, OK.

⚠ Listening 🕩

Look at the map below and listen to three short dialogues. Where do the people want to go?



5 Speaking

Talk in pairs. Look at the map below.

Student A: Imagine that you are at the traffic lights in Gold Street. You want to go to Joe's Café, but you don't know where it is. Ask Student B for directions. Use the phrases in the box.

How can/do I get to...? Excuse me, where's...? Excuse me, is... near here? Is it far?

Student B: Choose one of the orange squares on the map to be Joe's Café. Don't show Student A which square you have chosen. Imagine you are at the traffic lights in Gold Street. Give Student A directions. Use the phrases in the box.

Go down...

Go straight.

Turn left/right at the hotel / traffic lights, etc. It's on your left/right.

It's next to / between / opposite...



¶ Vocabulary ◆)

Listen. Do you do any of these activities?





Plant trees.



Throw rubbish/litter into rubbish/litter bins



Use recycling bins. Recycle newspapers, magazines, bottles and cans.



Save energy. Turn off lights.



Save water. Turn off the tap.



Use public transport.

7 Reading **4**)

Quantification in the second secon

Car Boot Sale Clean-up Sunday Don't throw away old clothes, Help us clean up the parks in the books, furniture, etc. Give them neighbourhood. We need lots of to us! We can sell them and volunteers to pick up rubbish, plant use the money to buy recycling trees, put up benches, paint fences bins, benches, trees, etc. for our and old benches, etc. Meet us neighbourhood. We organise outside the Hillside Community a car boot sale every Saturday Centre every Sunday at a different place in at 8 a.m. the neighbourhood. E-cycling Day B'S Make our neighbourhood green Check out our website. Have you got old mobile phones, gadgets or TVs? Well, it's not a good idea to throw them away. We can help you recycle them properly. Bring them to Hillside car park every Tuesday from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. Have you got old appliances, like fridges and washing machines? Well, don't worry. We can come and get them. Just call us! Contact us at: 0184 936 7141 www.greenneighbourhood.net

- Read again and answer the questions.
- 1. What does 'Green Neighbourhood' sell at car boot sales?
- 2. When does 'Green Neighbourhood' organise them?
- 3. Where can you find information about car boot sales?
- 4. What do volunteers do on Clean-up Sunday?
- 5. Where do volunteers meet?
- 6. What can you recycle on E-cycling Day?
- 7. When and where does 'Green Neighbourhood' organise E-cycling Day?

Grammal Object Personal Pronouns → p. 113

R. Read the examples. What do you notice about the words in blue?

I want a croissant. Give me a croissant, please.

You need help. I can help you.

Tony's a volunteer. He's nice. I like him.

There's Diane. She's new here. You know her, right?

Look at that fence. It's old. Let's paint it.

We want information about *Green Neighbourhood*.
Tell us about it.

I don't want these magazines. **They**'re old. Put **them** in the recycling bin.

- B. Complete with object personal pronouns.
- 1. A: How do your children get to school?

B: I drive ______ to school every day.

2. A: I love that mobile phone.

B: It's not very expensive. Buy _____

3. A: Isn't Dave here today?

B: No, he's ill. Call _____ at home.

4. A: I want to go bowling with you and your friends.

B: OK. Meet _____ at the underground station at 7 p.m.

5. A: Bring _____ my sunglasses, please.

B: Here you are.

6. A: Where's Jenny?

B: I don't know. I can't find ______.

⚠ Pronunciation **4**)

A. Listen and repeat. Notice the difference in pronunciation.

/5/	rubbi sh	information		rubbi sh information electric			
/s/	save	re c ycle	acro s	s			
/tʃ/	ben ch	check	signa	ature			

Pay attention to the spelling of words. Not all sounds have the same spelling.



8. Say these words and check the correct sound.
Then listen and check your answers.

	rubbish /ʃ/	save /s/	bench /tʃ/
channel			
fini sh			
fen c e			
chef			
ti ss ues			
furni t ure			
web s ite			
sta t ion			

Think about your neighbourhood and answer the questions below. You can make notes if you like.

- How 'green' is your neighbourhood?
- What are the parks like? Are they clean? Do they have trees, recycling bins, rubbish bins, benches, etc.?
- · What are the schools like?
- · What are the streets like?
- How can you change your neighbourhood to make it 'greener'?
- · What events can you organise to help?
- B. Talk in groups of three. Discuss and decide what changes you would like to make to your neighbourhood and what events you can organise.
- 6 Let's clean up...park.

That's a good idea. There's a lot of rubbish there.

I think so, too. We can also ...

I don't think so. Maybe we can plant trees and ...

Of course. We can also ...

I'm not sure about that. Let's organise... 9

- L. Work in groups. Make a poster advertising your plans from activity B. Include the following information.
- place
- date
- activities
- contact information
- D. Present your poster to the class.



| Vocabulary ◀)

Match the sights/places with the phrases. Then listen and check your answers. Which of these can be found in the town/city where you live? What are they called?











- a. You can watch a match there.
- b. You can see wild animals there.
- c. You can buy things there.
- d. You can watch a play there.
- e. You can see fish and other water creatures there.
- f. You can see important objects and paintings there.
- g. You can see an old building and learn about history there.





り Listening **◆**)

Listen to four short dialogues. Where are the people? Match. There is one extra place you do not need to use.

Listen for key words to understand the main ideas.

Dialogue 1 Dialogue 2

Dialogue 3

Dialogue 4

at a stadium at an aquarium

at a castle

at a theatre

at a museum

Writing A description of one's town/city A. Read the text and answer the question.

Where can you find a text like this?

a. in a letter

b. in a brochure c. in an encyclopedia



Beautiful Barcelona!

What to see

Barcelona is famous for its architecture. There are lots of buildings by the famous architect Antoni Gaudi. Go to the city centre to see many of them.

There are over 55 museums in the city so there are lots of things to see. Also, don't miss Montjuic Castle. Visit it and learn about the history of Catalonia.

Remember to visit the Camp Nou Stadium. It is famous because it is the home of FC Barcelona.

What to do

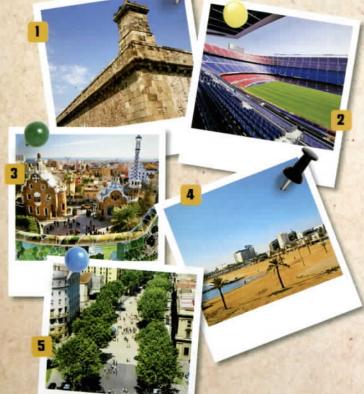
Barcelona has got fantastic places to walk around, like Park Guell. Also, go to La Rambla. This beautiful street has got restaurants, cafés and lots of shops.

Don't forget to visit one of the seven beaches, like Barceloneta beach. They are very popular. Go swimming or just go for a walk.

How to get around

There are buses, trams and an excellent underground system. The best way to see Barcelona is to walk around or rent a bicycle or a scooter. There are lots of bicycle lanes in the city.

B. Read again. Can you name the places in the pictures?



C. Read the note below and find what the highlighted words 1-4 in the text on the left refer to.

Avoiding repetition

When writing, try not to repeat the same words all the time. Use:

· he/she/it/we/they (subject personal pronouns) Lots of children visit the zoo. The children love

the animals. · him/her/it/us/them (object personal pronouns) The market has got lots of things to buy. Don't miss

1.	them:	AE AE
2.	it:	Mar Die
3.	it:	

the market.

4. They:

D. Think about your town/city. In groups, discuss the following questions. Then look at the table below and write down some notes.

- What are some popular sights in your town/city?
- · Where are they?
- · Do you know anything about them?
- · Do a lot of people visit them?
- What can tourists do in your town/city?
- · Where is a good place to go shopping?
- · How can people get around your town/city?
- What is the best way to see the town/city?
- 6 ...has got lots of museums.

That's right, and I think The National Museum is very popular.

Yes, lots of tourists visit it. There's also the ... 9

What to see	What to do	How to get around

E. Write a few paragraphs describing your town/city. Use the headings and your notes from activity D. Also, use the phrases given below.

In...there is/are... ...has got..., like the... The...is very famous/popular. The best way to see...is to ... Go to / Visit...

Walk around... Remember to ... Don't forget to ... Don't miss...

Vocabulary

- Circle the correct words.
- 1. The cinema isn't near / far. Let's walk there.
- 2. Please, pick / put up your clothes from the floor.
- 3. They need lots of volunteers / tourists to clean the beach. Do you want to go?
- 4. It is popular / important to protect the environment.
- The café is opposite / between a Chinese restaurant.
- The castle / hotel is open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
- B. Complete with the words in the box.

	transport pain plant		
1.	There are lots of _ museum.		by Picasso in that
2.	Do you use public		to get to work?
3.	There's a big car _		behind the supermarket
4.	Turn left at the		lights.
5.	The	is ama	azing. Visit it.
6.	Let's	_ trees	around the school.
G	rammar		
	Complete with <i>car</i> ve short answers		he words in brackets. possible.

- 1. A: _____ (Mary / cook)? B: Of course, She's a chef!
- _____ (you / drive) a car?
- B: No, _____, but I ___ (ride) a motorbike.
- 3. A: Nancy (use) a computer quite well.
 - B: Really? She's only seven years old.
 - _____ (she / send) emails, too?
 - A: Yes, ___
 - B: Wow!
- Complete with object personal pronouns.
- Those newspapers are old. Let's recycle
- My grandmother is ill and I want to visit ___
- 3. There's a documentary about universities on TV this evening. Don't miss ______.
- 4. Where's Mr Bean? I want to speak to ___
- Don't go out alone. Wait for _____. We want to come. too.
- 6. I'm late. Give _____ a lift to the underground station, please.

E Rewrite using	Don't and	the words	given.
-----------------	-----------	-----------	--------

1. Turn left at the bank.	right
2. Remember to call Peter.	forget
3. Go to bed early.	late
1. Throw rubbish in rubbish bins.	in the street

Communication

F. Complete the dialogues with the sentences.

- a. It's about a 10-minute walk. b. Where's the theatre?
- c. Go straight ahead. d. How do I get there?
- e. Go down Elwood Avenue and turn right at the supermarket.
- A: Excuse me. 1
- B: It's opposite the police station.
- A: Where's that? Is it far?
- B: No, it's isn't. 2
- A: Great. 3
- **B:** Go down this road and turn right at the museum.
 - 4 _____ Then turn left at the traffic lights. That's Elwood Avenue. 5 _____ The theatre is on your left.
- A: Thank you.
- f. The best way is to take a taxi.
- g. What is there to see in this town?
- h. No problem.
- i. I think so.
- A: Excuse me. 6
- B: Well, there's the Modern Art Museum and the zoo.
- A: A zoo? Is it open today?
- B: 7
- A: Great. How can I get there?
- B: Well, it's far. 8
- A: OK. Thanks.
- B: 9

Self-assessment

Read the following and tick the appropriate boxes. For the points you are unsure of, refer back to the relevant sections in the module.

now	I CAN
) talk about the means of transport I use	
) talk about my abilities	
refer to the location of places in a town/city	
) read a map	
ask for, give and follow directions	
express my opinion	
talk about places in my town/city	
avoid repetition when writing	
write a description of my town/city	